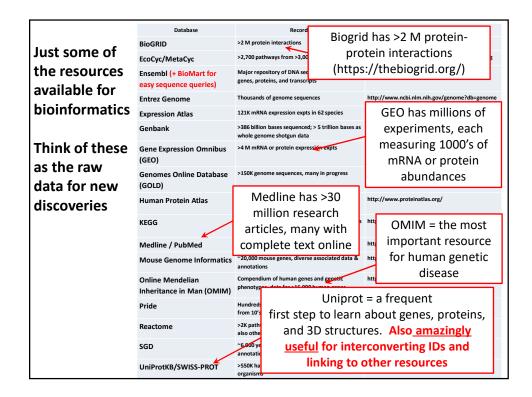


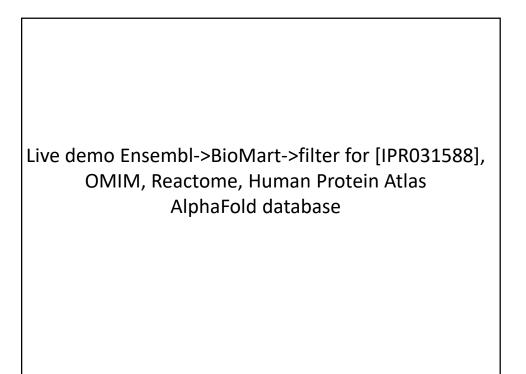
## So far, we've talked about

- DNA, RNA (or rather, not RNA), and protein sequences
- How to compare sequences to decide if they are related
- Having databases full of sequences and comparing them rapidly (BLAST)

In fact, <u>many</u> such databases exist, so today we'll start with a brief tour of <u>some</u> of the biological data on the web.

	Database	Records	Address
Just some of the resources available for bioinformatics	BioGRID	>2 M protein interactions	https://thebiogrid.org
	EcoCyc/MetaCyc	>2,700 pathways from >3,000 organisms	http://www.ecocyc.org, http://www.metacyc.org
	Ensembl (+ BioMart for easy sequence queries)	Major repository of DNA sequences, genomes, genes, proteins, and transcripts	http://useast.ensembl.org/index.html
	Entrez Genome	Thousands of genome sequences	http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genome?db=genome
	Expression Atlas	139K mRNA expression expts in 65 species	https://www.ebi.ac.uk/gxa/home/
	Genbank	>1 triillion bases sequenced; > 14 trillion bases as whole genome shotgun data	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genbank/
Think of these as the raw data for new discoveries	Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO)	>4 M mRNA or protein expression expts	http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/
	Genomes Online Database (GOLD)	>180K genome sequences, many in progress	https://gold.jgi.doe.gov/index
	Human Protein Atlas	millions of high-res images of ~17K human proteins across tissues, cancers, & cell lines	http://www.proteinatlas.org/
	KEGG	Most known pathways, in 548 graphical diagrams and >7K organisms ( <i>via</i> homology)	http://www.genome.ad.jp/kegg/
	Medline / PubMed	>30 million references	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/PubMed/
	Mouse Genome Informatics	~20,000 mouse genes, diverse associated data & annotations	http://www.informatics.jax.org/
	Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man (OMIM)	Compendium of human genes and genetic phenotypes, data for >16,000 human genes	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
	Pride	Hundreds of millions of peptide mass spectra from 10's of thousands of experiments	https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/archive/
	Reactome	>2K pathways involving >10K human proteins, also other organisms	https://www.reactome.org/
	SGD	~6,000 yeast genes, diverse associated data & annotations	https://www.yeastgenome.org/
	UniProtKB/SWISS-PROT	>550K hand-curated sequence entries from >14K organisms	https://www.uniprot.org/



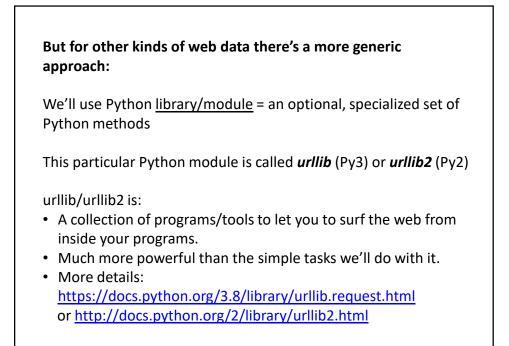


It's nice to know that all of this exists, but ideally, you'd like to be able to so something constructive with the data.

That means getting the data inside your own programs.

All of these databases let you download data in big batches, but this isn't always the case, so....

## Let's empower your Python scripts to grab data from the web. • For a number of specific biological databases, you can use BioPython · BioPython lets you access sequence & structure databases, read fasta/genome files, do simple sequence analyses, BLAST, etc, right from your Python code • If you need to install it, just open an Anaconda prompt (on a PC) or launch a console window from Anaconda Navigator & type "pip install biopython" e.g. from Bio import Entrez Entrez.email = "your\_email@gmail.com" # Always tell NCBI who you are handle = Entrez.efetch(db="nucleotide", id="EU490707", rettype="gb", retmode="text") print(handle.read()) LOCUS EU490707 1302 bp DNA linear PLN 26-JUL-2016 DEFINITION Selenipedium aequinoctiale maturase K (matK) gene, partial cds; chloroplast. ACCESSION EU490707 VERSION EU490707.1 KEYWORDS SOURCE chloroplast Selenipedium aequinoctiale ORGANISM Selenipedium aequinoctiale ORIGIN 1 attttttacg aacctgtgga aatttttggt tatgacaata aatctagttt agtacttgtg 61 aaacgtttaa ttactcgaat gtatcaacag aattttttga tttcttcggt taatgattct ..... There's a complete pdf tutorial @ http://biopython.org/DIST/docs/tutorial/Tutorial.pdf



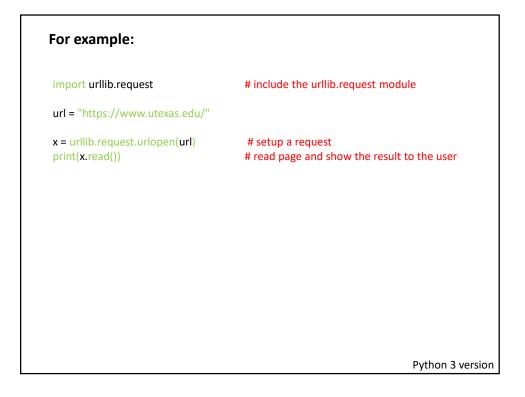
## The basic idea:

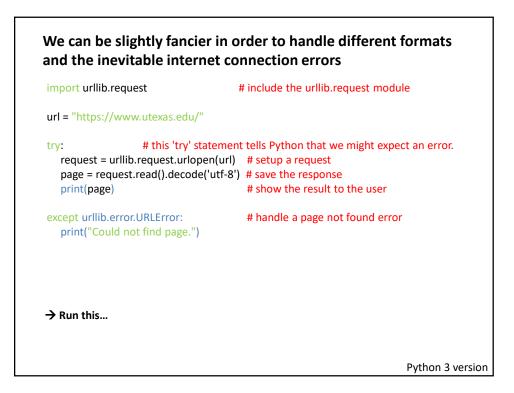
We first set up a "request" by opening a connection to the URL.

We then save the response in a variable and print it.

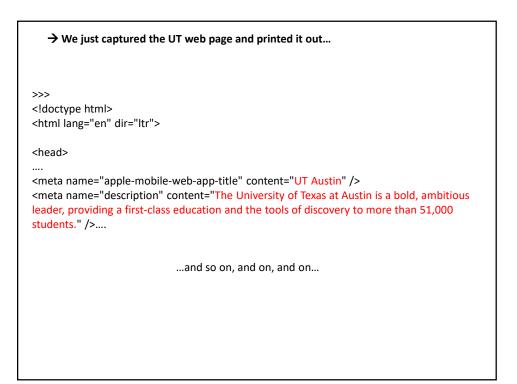
If it can't connect to the site, it'll print out a helpful error message instead of the page.

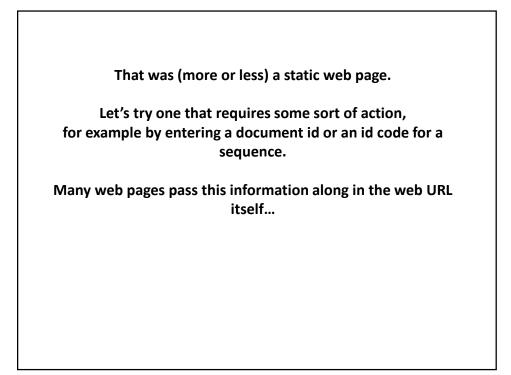
You can more or less use the commands in a cookbook fashion....

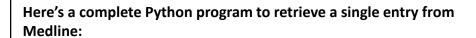




(Heres' the Python 2 version in case you need it)			
import urllib2	# include the urllib2 module		
url = "https://www.utexas.edu/"			
try: # this 'try' state request = urllib2.urlopen(url) page = request.read() print(page)	ment tells Python that we might expect an error. # setup a request # save the response # show the result to the user		
except urllib2.URLError: print("Could not find page.")	# handle a page not found error		
→ Run this			
	Python 2 versio		







Here's a complete Python program to retrieve a single entry from Medline:			
import urllib2 pmid = 11237011			
# Insert the pmid where the {} are in the following URL: url = "https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/?term={0}[uid]&format=pubmed".format(pmid)			
try: # there might be an error! request = urllib2.urlopen(url) page = request.read() print(page)			
except urllib2.URLError: # handle page not found error print("Could not connect to Medline!")			
Python 2 version			

If you run that program, you should get back			
>>>			
html			
lots of metadata			
OWN - NLM			
STAT- MEDLINE			
DCOM- 20010322			
LR - 20210108	the Medline entry for the human		
IS - 0028-0836 (Print)	genome sequence paper		
IS - 0028-0836 (Linking)	genome sequence paper		
VI - 409			
IP - 6822			
DP - 2001 Feb 15 TI - Initial sequencing and analysis of the human ge			
PG - 860-921	enome.		
	ove of information about human		
AB - The human genome holds an extraordinary trove of information about human development, physiology, medicine and evolution. Here we report the results of an			
international collaboration to produce and make freely available a draft sequence of			
the human genome. We also present an initial analysis of the data, describing some			
of the insights that can be gleaned from the sec			
FAU - Lander, E S			
AU - Lander ES			
AD - Whitehead Institute for Biomedical Research,	Center for Genome Research, Cambridge,		
MA 02142, USA. lander@genome.wi.mit.edu			
[and so on]			
[and so on]			

If you run that program, you should get back		
>>>		
html		
lots of metadata		
OWN - NLM		
STAT- MEDLINE		
DCOM- 20010322		
LR - 20210108	We just printed it. We could have	
IS - 0028-0836 (Print)	saved it or extracted data from it.	
IS - 0028-0836 (Linking)	1	
VI - 409	For example	
IP - 6822		
DP - 2001 Feb 15		
TI - Initial sequencing and analysis of the human ge	enome.	
PG - 860-921		
AB - The human genome holds an extraordinary tr		
development, physiology, medicine and evolution international collaboration to produce and make		
the human genome. We also present an initial a	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
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